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13	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	
14	UNITED STATES D	ISTRICT COURT
15	EASTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
16	BIIGIBIA	
17	METROPOLITAN MORTGAGE &	Case No. CV-05-0290-FVS
18	SECURITIES CO., INC. and SUMMIT SECURITIES, INC.,	DEFENDANT
19	Plaintiffs,	PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS LLP'S ANSWER AND
20	v.	AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES TO PLAINTIFFS' COMPLAINT FOR
21	PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS, LLP,	PROFESSIONAL NEGLIGENCE, NEGLIGENT
22	Defendant.	MISREPRESENTATION, AND
23	Defendant.	BREACH OF CONTRACT
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<ul><li>26</li><li>27</li></ul>		
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20	Duc's Answed	ORRICK HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP

PwC'S ANSWER (Case No. CV-05-0290-FVS)

- 1 -DOCSSF1:859616.2 ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLF 405 HOWARD STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94105 TELEPHONE (415) 773-5700

Herrington & Sutcliffe, LLP and Feltman, Gebhardt, Greer & Zeimantz, P.S.,

answers Metropolitan Mortgage & Securities Co., Inc. ("Metropolitan") and

Summit Securities, Inc.'s ("Summit") (collectively, "Plaintiffs") Complaint for

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PwC'S ANSWER (Case No. CV-05-0290-FVS)

Professional Negligence, Negligent Misrepresentation, and Breach of Contract
("Complaint"), by stating that it objects to the captions interspersed throughout the
Complaint as not constituting proper allegations or fit matter for a pleading; and
with respect to the numbered allegations 1 through 81 and the prayer for relief,
answers by stating as follows:
1. Paragraph 1 is a preliminary statement to which no response is
required in this answer. To the extent that any response is required to Paragraph 1
PwC denies the allegations set forth therein.

Defendant PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC") by its attorneys, Orrick,

2000. To the extent that these allegations purport to characterize PwC's audit opinions, PwC refers to its audit opinions which are the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 2.

PwC admits that it issued audit reports for the fiscal years 1999 and

- 3. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 3.
- 4. PwC admits that C. Paul Sandifur ("Sandifur") is the controlling common shareholder of both Metropolitan and Summit and has served as Metropolitan's CEO and Chairman of the Board. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 4.
- 5. Paragraph 5 contains conclusions and legal arguments as to which no response is required.
- 6. Paragraph 6 contains conclusions and legal arguments as to which no response is required. To the extent any response is required to Paragraph 6, PwC denies the allegations set forth therein.
  - 7. PwC admits the allegations set forth in Paragraph 7.

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- PwC admits the allegations set forth in Paragraph 8. 8.
- PwC admits the allegations set forth in Paragraph 9, except that it 9. denies that PwC reviewed and reported on Metropolitan's commercial real estate lending practices, and denies that PwC resigned as auditor for Metropolitan and Summit.
- PwC admits that Sandifur and his family directly and indirectly own 10. all of Metropolitan and Summit's common stock, and that Sandifur served as Metropolitan's President, CEO and Chairman of the Board. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 10.
- PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to 11. the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 11.
- 12. Paragraph 12 contains conclusions and legal arguments as to which no response is required. PwC admits that Metropolitan changed the focus of its investment activities from residential mortgages to commercial real estate lending in or around 2000. Except as expressly so admitted, to the extent that any response is required to Paragraph 12, PwC denies the allegations set forth therein.
- PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 13.
- PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to 14. the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 14.
- PwC admits that it issued audit reports for Metropolitan's 1999 and 15. 2000 fiscal years, and alleges that the audit reports contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 15.
- PwC admits that it issued audit reports for Metropolitan's 1999 and 16. 2000 fiscal years, which audit reports contain the best evidence of their contents

and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 16.

- 17. PwC admits that it consented to the incorporation by reference of its audit reports for Metropolitan and Summit's financial statements for fiscal years 1999 and 2000 in certain registration statements filed by Metropolitan and Summit in 2001 and 2002, which audit reports contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 17.
  - 18. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 18.
- 19. Paragraph 19 contains conclusions and legal arguments as to which no response is required.
- 20. PwC denies that Metropolitan's accounting in 1999 and 2000 violated GAAP. Except as expressly so denied, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 20, and alleges that its understanding of the transactions referred to therein is reflected in the financial statements issued by Metropolitan and Summit for the fiscal years ended September 30, 1999 and 2000.
- 21. PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 21, and alleges that its understanding of the transactions referred to therein is reflected in the financial statements issued by Metropolitan and Summit for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000.
- 22. PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 22, and alleges that its understanding of the transactions referred to therein is reflected in the financial statements issued by Metropolitan and Summit for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000.

- 23. PwC denies the allegations set forth in the last sentence of Paragraph 23. To the extent that the allegations of Paragraph 23 purport to characterize financial statements issued by Metropolitan and Summit, PwC alleges that the financial statements are the best evidence of the contents and statements therein. Except as expressly so denied, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 23, and alleges that its understanding of the transactions referred to therein is reflected in the financial statements issued by Metropolitan and Summit for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2000.
- 24. PwC admits that the financial statements issued by Metropolitan for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2000 reflect a gain of \$10.7 million in connection with the sale of the Timber Harvesting Agreement. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 24.
  - 25. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 25.
  - 26. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 26.
- 27. PwC admits the "Met/Summit Group" implemented a foreign leverage investment program in 1998. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 27.
- 28. PwC admits that Metropolitan's financial statements reflect a 50% reserve taken in connection with the "FLIP tax shelter," and that PwC provided advice and was paid a fee with respect to the FLIP transaction. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 28.
- 29. PwC admits that it has been reported that the IRS challenged portions of the FLIP transaction, and that Metropolitan reached a compromise with the IRS that reduced the tax benefits obtained by the Metropolitan Group pursuant to the transaction. PwC denies that its advice was "erroneous." Except as expressly so admitted and denied, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 29.

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- 30. PwC admits that GAAS consists of guidelines issues by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants that are followed by auditors in conducting audits. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 30.
  - 31. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 31.
  - 32. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 32.
  - 33. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 33.
  - 34. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 34.
  - 35. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 35.
  - 36. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 36.
  - 37. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 37.
  - 38. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 38.
  - 39. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 39.
  - 40. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 40.
  - 41. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 41.
  - 42. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 42.
  - 43. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 43.
- 44. PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 44.
- 45. PwC admits that the DFI entered into a memorandum of understanding with Metropolitan in or about 1996, and alleges that the memorandum provides the best evidence of its content. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 45.
- 46. The allegations set forth in Paragraph 46 consist largely of conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 46.

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- 47. PwC denies the allegations set forth in the last sentence of Paragraph 47. PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 47.
- PwC admits that Metropolitan's preferred stock was classified as equity for accounting purposes, and that in many respects it had the substance and character of variable-rate debt instruments. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC alleges that the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 48 are conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 48.
- PwC admits that Sundifur is the companies' predominant common shareholder. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC alleges that the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 49 are conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 49.
- The allegations set forth in Paragraph 50 consist largely of conclusions 50. and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 50.
- PwC admits that Metropolitan's debentures were listed on the Pacific 51. Stock Exchange in or about January 2000. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC alleges that the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 51 are conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 51.
- The allegations set forth in Paragraph 52 consist largely of conclusions 52. and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any

response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 52.

- PwC admits that the OIC issued a report concerning WULA in or 53. about 1999, and alleges that the report is the best evidence of its content. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC alleges that the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 53 are conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 53.
- PwC admits that the OIC issued a report concerning WULA in or 54. about 1999, and alleges that the report is the best evidence of its content. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 54.
- PwC admits that the OIC issued a report concerning WULA in or 55. about 1999, and alleges that the report is the best evidence of its content. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC alleges that the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 55 are conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 55.
- PwC admits that the OIC issued a report concerning WULA in or 56. about 1999, and alleges that the report is the best evidence of its content. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC alleges that the remaining allegations set forth in Paragraph 56 consist largely of conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC lacks knowledge or information sufficient to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations set forth in Paragraph 56, except that PwC denies having issued an "unqualified" opinion on WULA's financial statements for the 1999 fiscal year.

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- 57. The allegations set forth in Paragraph 57 consist largely of conclusions and legal arguments to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 57.
  - 58. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 58.
  - 59. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 59.
- 60. PwC repeats and reasserts each response set forth in the foregoing Paragraphs as if fully set forth in this Paragraph 60.
  - 61. PwC admits the allegations set forth in Paragraph 61.
- 62. Paragraph 62 contains conclusions and legal arguments as to which no response is required. To the extent that any response is required to Paragraph 62, PwC denies the allegations set forth therein.
  - 63. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 63.
  - 64. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 64.
  - 65. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 65.
- 66. PwC repeats and reasserts each response set forth in the foregoing Paragraphs as if fully set forth in this Paragraph 66.
- 67. PwC admits that it issued audit reports on the financial statements issued by Metropolitan and Summit for the fiscal year ended September 30 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the audit reports are the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 67.
  - 68. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 68.
  - 69. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 69.
  - 70. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 70.
- 71. PwC repeats and reasserts each response set forth in the foregoing Paragraphs as if fully set forth in this Paragraph 71.
- 72. PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the

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engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 72.

- PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and 73. Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 73.
- PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and 74. Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 74.
- PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and 75. Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 75.
- PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 76.
- PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and 77. Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 77.

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78. PwC admits that it executed engagement letters with Metropolitan and Summit to serve as their auditor for fiscal years 1999 and 2000, and alleges that the engagement letters contain the best evidence of their contents and the statements therein. Except as expressly so admitted, PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 78.

- 79. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 79.
- 80. PwC denies the allegations set forth in Paragraph 80.
- 81. PwC denies that Plaintiffs are entitled to any of the relief set forth in the Prayer, or any other form of relief.

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PwC has endeavored to specifically address each averment of the Complaint. To the extent any averment remains unaddressed, PwC denies each and every such averment, and incorporates by reference this response into each paragraph above as if fully set forth therein.

#### AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

As further and separate defenses to the Complaint, and each claim pled therein, PwC alleges the following separate and independent affirmative defenses, none of which constitutes an admission of or concurrence in the allegations set forth in the Complaint. In pleading these affirmative defenses, PwC does not assume any burden of proof not otherwise imposed upon them by law.

#### FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The Complaint, and each claim alleged therein, fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted.

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### SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because PwC complied with and performed any and all obligations imposed by law or contract to the full extent of its responsibilities.

#### THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or part, by the terms of PwC's engagement letters with Plaintiffs.

#### FORTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because PwC acted at all times in good faith, without knowledge of wrongdoing by any third parties, and without any basis for such knowledge.

#### FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The purported claim for breach of contract is barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiffs prevented and/or substantially impaired PwC's performance.

#### SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred by the doctrine of *in pari delicto* as a result of the fraudulent, reckless, improper and/or negligent acts of Sandifur and other representatives, management, employees and agents of the Plaintiffs.

#### SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiffs' financial statements were prepared by Plaintiffs' management who affirmatively represented that management was responsible for the fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows in conformity with GAAP.

#### EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because the alleged conduct attributable to PwC did not cause any legally cognizable injury or damage.

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#### NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because any damage or injury to Plaintiffs was caused in whole or in part by Plaintiffs' own conduct, omissions, intentional or reckless misconduct and/or negligence.

#### TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred in whole or in part because their alleged injuries and damages, if any, are the result of independent, unforeseeable, superseding, and/or intervening causes, and/or the result of the negligence, breach of duty, and acts or omissions of other parties or persons over whom PwC had no control, who substantially impeded PwC's ability to perform its audits, and for whom PwC is not responsible in law.

### **ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE**

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of comparative negligence. Any recovery is barred, or must be reduced to the extent Plaintiffs' alleged harm, if any, was not caused by PwC.

#### TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiffs consented, approved, acquiesced in, and/or ratified some or all of the conduct alleged in the complaint.

## THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiffs lack standing to assert the claims set forth in the complaint.

## FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred by the applicable statutes of limitations, including but not limited to Section 4.16.080 of the Revised Code of Washington.

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#### FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrine of unclean hands.

#### SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of estoppel, laches and/or waiver.

### SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiffs failed to make reasonable efforts to mitigate any injury or damages they may have suffered, and could have prevented such injury or damages.

#### EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiffs would be unjustly enriched if they were allowed to recover anything in this action.

#### NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Each purported claim set forth in the Complaint is barred, in whole or in part, because Plaintiffs are not entitled to recover their costs and expenses incurred in this action, including without limitation, attorneys' fees, from PwC.

# RESERVATION OF RIGHT TO ASSERT ADDITIONAL

#### AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSES

PwC may have further and additional affirmative defenses to the claims set forth in the Complaint and therefore reserves the right to assert such defenses at the appropriate time.

PwC'S ANSWER (Case No. CV-05-0290-FVS) - 15 -DOCSSF1:859616.2 ORRICK, HERRINGTON & SUTCLIFFE LLP 405 HOWARD STREET SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94105 TELEPHONE (415) 773-5700

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, M. Todd Scott, hereby certify that on January 6, 2006 I caused the foregoing document to be electronically filed with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF System which will send notification to all CM/ECF subscribers, and caused a true and correct copy to be sent via U.S. Mail to any and all non-CM/ECF participants who are required to be manually served in this case.

/s/ M. Todd Scott M. Todd Scott, pro hac vice Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP The Orrick Building 405 Howard Street San Francisco, CA 94105

Tel: (415) 773-5409 Fax: (415) 773-5759